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ST. LOUIS, SATURDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 10, 1892.

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SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH if you want
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FOR MEN AND GUNS.

Sweeping Demands of the German Army Bill.

THE KAISER PREPARING FOR A TREMENDOUS CONFLICT.

A Touch of Human Nature in the British Royal House—Panama Canal Scandal Engrosses Public Attention in Paris—Bi-Metallic in the Monetary Conference Hopeful—Foreign News.

Berlin, Dec. 10.—The army bill was introduced to-day in the Reichstag. General Von Kattenborn-Stachau, Minister of War, accompanied the introduction of the bill with a long and earnest speech in its support. He declared that Germany must be prepared to enter at any moment into a final war, which would dwarf all preceding wars in the magnitude of the forces engaged, and the issues to be decided. It was imperative that every man in Germany able to bear arms should be ready to respond when called upon. The bill was a measure of supreme necessity, and demanded no sacrifice that the patriotism of the nation should be willing to grant, and no sacrifice greater than what other nations were making in preparation for the mighty struggle which might at any time begin. It was in obedience to the supreme need of preparing Germany for that struggle that the bill had been prepared, and that Government hoped and expected that it would receive the support of every one interested in maintaining the integrity of the Fatherland and in defending those advantages which it had cost so much of German blood and German energy to obtain. The War Minister described at length the details of the bill, and every effort had been made to make the burden as light as a prudent regard for the security of the country and the efficiency of the army would permit.

The address was favorably received and the utterance of Gen. Von Kattenborn-Stachau in regard to the almost certainty of a great European war was a vividly produced a profound impression confirming the predictions of Chancellor Caprivi on the same subject.

The War Minister of Prussia, Bavaria, Saxony and Wurtemberg were present in the House.

Maj. Von Hoiningen-Huene, speaking for the center party, announced that that party was willing to concede the two years' service system, but was not prepared to increase the standing army.

Reichstag was condemned to one month's imprisonment for libeling Loewe, four months on Kuhn's complaint and two months for calumny against the gun-makers, but the court accepted the plea of necessity and reduced the sentence from seven to five months with costs, which are estimated at \$2,500.

FRENCH AFFAIRS.

PANAMA CANAL SCANDAL STILL THE LEADING TOPIC.

Paris, Dec. 10.—It is reported that M. Bourgeois, Minister of Justice, will pardon M. Drumont, editor of *Le Libre Parole*, who is serving a term of imprisonment for libel, with a view to having him appear as a witness before the Panama Canal investigating committee. M. Drumont has refused to give any testimony relative to the Panama affair unless he is unconditionally released. It is believed that he has important knowledge regarding the affairs of the company and that it would be a good stroke of policy to release him. Bourgeois is the ideal Minister of Justice dreamed of by M. Brisson. M. Bourgeois bowed to the omnipotence and M. Brisson personalities the supreme power of France. The cabinet has capitulated to M. Brisson and becomes an involuntary ally of those conspiring against the present regime. The steady working of this inquisitorial committee will raise a feeling in the country that will powerfully aid in undermining the present regime. It may be only an echo of unjustifiable experience will tell.

The dreadful weather has cooled the Panama fever. The committee did not venture out in the face of the driving storms and sleet to-day. The appointment of M. Beauregard to the Court of Cassation and the investigating committee. Considered as the writer of spicy squibs in *Gil Blas* he ought not to rank with such lawyers as De Langle and Dupla. His opposition to a post-mortem examination of the body of Reinach's body was so obstinate that it became necessary to instruct a subordinate to sign the order over his head. This Beauregard naturally refused to do.

The evidence of M. Vlau before the Panama Canal investigating committee was intended to disprove the Chevallier story implicating M. Barbe in the Panama scandal.

BRITISH TOPICS.

A TOUCH OF HUMAN NATURE IN THE ROYAL HOUSE.

London, Dec. 10.—A large party assembled at Windsor Castle to-day to greet Crown Prince Ferdinand of Roumania, who arrived there yesterday afternoon. The prince, Prince Marie, daughter of the Duke of Edinburgh. In the party were the Duke and Duchess of Edinburgh, the Marquis of Lorne and the Princess Louise, Hon. Charles Robert Spencer, Mr. P. Youngest son of the Earl of Spencer, and Admiral Benson. The Earl of Pembroke will go to the Sandringham House on a visit to the Prince and Princess of Wales. He will remain until Thursday.

On Thursday the Duchess of Edinburgh and Princess Marie will depart for Sigmaringen, Prussia, to prepare for the marriage of the latter to the Crown Prince of Roumania. The ceremony will take place at Sigmaringen.

Princess May, who was betrothed to the late Duke of Clarence and Avondale, gave another interview yesterday to her kindness of heart. She was driving in Hammersmith, when she came across a coterie, who was beating his donkey in a most cruel manner. Princess May ordered her carriage to stop and directed her footman to deprive the coterie of the stick with which he was beating his animal. The Princess spoke to the coterie, but was told that the man had ordered her to leave. The Princess then spoke to the man, who was the driver of the donkey, and told him that she was the Princess May. The man then told her that he was a coterie, and that he was beating his donkey in a most cruel manner. The Princess then ordered her footman to take the donkey to the pound, and to have it put in a most humble way. The Princess forgave him and then lectured him on his cruelty. The police had been attracted to the scene and would have arrested him had it not been for the intervention of the Princess May. She also asked the officers not to report the insult that the man had offered her.

The unseating of members of Parliament returned at the last general election goes merely on, much to the satisfaction of the Liberals and the corresponding disgust and chagrin of the Conservatives. The latest member to lose his seat is Mr. Horatio Davis.

Davies, Conservative, who was returned by a majority of 407 votes over Mr. Frederick Manning, Liberal Unionist. The Liberal Unionist sent in a petition under the corrupt practices act against the election of Mr. Davies, and the judges to-day handed down a decision depriving him of his seat on the ground of bribery, which consisted of treating electors.

Intense cold and heavy snowfalls are reported from North and Central Spain. The whole of Central and Southern Russia has been visited for three days with an exceptionally severe blizzard. Such severity has been unknown in Moscow for eight years. All railways but the Nikolai are blocked with snow and direct communication with the south is interrupted. Some lines are entirely stopped.

The Times is jubilant over Sir Edwin Reed's letter and says it will be a powerful subject of speculation to the Liberal leaders, many of whom will follow Sir Edwin.

The election to-day in East Aberdeenshire is being held under difficulties. The roads are blocked with snow and voters are driving in sleighs to the polls.

The Goldsmiths' company have devoted \$12,000 to the Guinness trust for the building of an industrial dwelling.

SOUTHERN REPUBLICS.

CHILL AND PERU CARRYING OUT TREATY STIPULATIONS.

Valparaiso, Dec. 10.—Minister of Foreign Affairs Errazuriz handed to the Peruvian Charge d'Affaires Friday an order delivering to the Peruvian Government the guano deposits on the Islands of Huallillas, Punta de Lobos, Pabellon, Pica and Lobos de Afuera and an order signed by the Chilean Finance Minister, making over the concessions held by Chile, according to the protocol of 1890. The Peruvian Charge d'Affaires immediately transferred the document to Mr. Eyre, the representative of the bondholders of the Peruvian corporation. These acts complete the terms of the protocol of 1890. Peru, however, still maintains her protest against the French protocol.

The Bolivian budget is short 454,000 bolivianos.

According to telegraphic dispatches from Bogota, the regular session of Congress closed on Nov. 20, but as much work remained to be done, an extra session has been called to deal with the pending matters and which will not close before the end of the year.

Chief matter to be arranged is the budget, but other questions of importance remain also, among which the canal company's affairs demand attention. The Peruvian Charge d'Affaires seems to be in favor of dealing liberally with the company in the matter of time, so long as the rights of the nation are safely guarded.

Edward R. Britton, an American, has been appointed by the government of the Department of Antiquity to represent that section in the Panama Canal investigation.

Antiquity will have a fine exhibit and in the matter of ores and minerals will surely attract considerable attention. President Caro has appointed the position of Minister of Foreign Affairs in his cabinet Dr. Marco Fidel Suarez, who for some time has been discharging the duties of that office.

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

BI-METALLISM IN THE MONETARY CONFERENCE ARE HOPEFUL.

Brussels, Dec. 10.—At to-day's meeting of the Committee of the International Monetary Conference the plans of Messrs. Tietjens, Houldsworth and Allard were debated and the final decision of the conference will be prepared. This report will be submitted on Tuesday. Although the bi-metallic delegates feel that the position is critical, they are all hopeful that the conference will not adjourn without adopting a resolution recommending that the various governments should enter into a temporary monetary agreement with a view to averting a financial catastrophe. The committee adjourned without reaching a decision on any of the plans before it.

The Austrian press looks forward to a failure of the monetary conference, and says it will injure no one but the American silver kings.

CAN PRACTICE LAW.

Toronto, Dec. 10.—The Bench and the Law Society have decided that ladies may enter for the examination held by the society, and may practice law in the province.

In reference to the report that the embargo placed on Canadian cattle by the British government was a mistake, the Canadian government has moved the Deputy Minister of Agriculture yesterday that no such intimation had been received at the department.

BRIEF CARRIAGES.

Capt. Monetti, the French explorer, has arrived Tripoli after a tour of the Libyan Desert that occupied two years. He crossed the desert from Senegal by way of Lake Tchad.

During a heavy snowfall on Dunkirk to-day a fishing boat capsized and five of her crew were drowned.

Senor Sagasta has reconsidered his determination to resign the task of forming a Spanish Ministry.

CRIPPLES DELUDED.

Injury Wrought by the Elastic Imagination of Correspondents.

Canton, Miss., Dec. 10.—A couple of correspondents, with a great deal more industry than honesty, have done the village of Canton and the cause of religion incalculable injury by representing a state of things here which does not exist. The innumerable stories they have sent out in regard to the great crowds of suffering people who have gathered under the "miracle" window and gone back to their homes cured of chronic diseases are a pure fiction. The people here have themselves brought a miscellaneous lot of infirm people here, but there is not an authentic case of cure away cured. One day a month ago an old man, crippled for life, prayed under the window, and in his excitement threw away his crutches, and asserted that he could walk as well as any man. He was then taken away, but when he reached home and became calm discovered that he was in intense pain, and when he arose he had to take to his crutches again.

A girl from Minneapolis was cited. She came to Canton and the story which she told was that she was cured of the spine of ten years standing. Having a lively imagination the girl did state that she was cured of her ailment. She was then taken away, but when she reached home and became calm discovered that she was in intense pain, and when she arose she had to take to her crutches again.

SIX DAYS' TORTURE.

Horrible Treatment of a Woman in New York.

DRUGGED AND LEFT TO PERISH IN A LUMBER YARD.

Cruel Suffering in the Intense Cold Without Food or Clothing—Efforts to Secure Pardon for an Insane Murderer—Italian Laborers Held in Slavery by Negroes—Crimes.

New York, Dec. 10.—Half-cold and almost dead from exposure and starvation after having been unconscious and exposed to the elements for a week, she was, without food or drink, Lizzie Mulvey, 22 years old, was found behind a lumber pile and a fence forming the rear wall of an open lumber shed at Eleventh avenue and Twenty-first street at 5:30 yesterday afternoon. When discovered the girl wore a man's overcoat, closely buttoned about her, and had another wrapped about her knees. A white petticoat and a chemise made up the remainder of her clothing. Her hat and shoes were missing. She was almost dying from hunger and cold. Her story indicated that she is a victim of a most cruel assault. After giving her name she said she worked in a store, and that Saturday evening she was induced to take dinner with a stranger. She refused to eat much and was told to go home, but the stranger induced her to take a drink. She became dazed and he offered to take her home. Instead he took her into the lumber yard, telling her that it was a short cut, and there assaulted her. She says she had lain there ever since—five days and nights—unable to attract the attention of anybody and too weak to move. She spoke in a dazed and disconnected way, and it was difficult to understand what she said. When asked where her home was she began to moan and begged to be taken home. At last, so near death's door was she that it was decided to leave her alone until she had been strengthened by a night's rest and nourishment.

At the New York Hospital it is said that she must have been starving and exposed to the stress of rough weather for at least three or four days. She was undoubtedly undergone the most brutal tortures.

The woman is well formed, of medium height and her face is pleasing in expression. However, last night it was drawn and lined with long privation and suffering. Her clothing is well made and neat and shows signs of care in spite of its exposure to the rain of the past week.

PLEAS FOR MERCY.

EFFORTS IN BEHALF OF A WOMAN SENTENCED FOR MURDER.

Albany, N. Y., Dec. 10.—In 1889 Polly Frisch was indicted in Genesee County for killing her husband and two children by poisoning them with arsenic. Four trials were had, upon the last of which she was convicted and sentenced to the execution. But application was made to Gov. Morgan for clemency. He caused an investigation to be made by an expert, who reported that the prisoner was insane, and her sentence was thereupon commuted to imprisonment at Sing Sing.

Three years for hanging and nine for acquittal. It is thought that a nolle prosequi will be entered, the case having already cost the State thousands of dollars.

CRIME NEWS.

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companion and attempted to leave him to live with a man by the name of Tom Gulliver. The trouble began on the streets were lined with Italians and railroad men and during the desperate battle the police station of the woman twenty-five Italians were killed and wounded.

SLAYED THREE NEGROES.

Newport, Ark., Dec. 10.—Rev. Lightfoot, the negro Baptist preacher who, for two months past has been organizing clubs in this State for the purpose of transporting negroes to Liberia at the rate of \$15 per head, is no more. His body swings from the limb of a huge oak and his side is perforated with bullet holes. After organizing clubs with a total membership of 1,500 he called them to place all the funds in a bank to his credit, so that he could close contracts with steamship lines. Some of the negroes became suspicious and demanded their money, when Lightfoot shot. He was pursued, captured and riddled with bullets.

ATTEMPTED ASSASSINATION.

Springfield, Mo., Dec. 10.—News comes from Forsyth, in Tabery County, of an attempt to assassinate James O. Carroll, editor of the *After*, by three men who are supposed to be the same who shot at Carroll. The attempt was made in the recent campaign made a fight for the Law and Order ticket. Carroll was shot in the back, but he escaped without sustaining serious injuries.

DIED LAST NIGHT.

Nashville, Tenn., Dec. 10.—The Texas criminal, Chas. Hayes, who was shot by the Sheriff of Hawkins County at Rogersville, Tenn., a few days ago while resisting arrest, died last night. Hayes was wanted in the State for sundry offenses, including robbery, horse-stealing, etc. in that State. It was a long and painful illness, and he died at the Governor's residence. Gov. Buchanan was by his side until his death.

KILLED BY A MANIAC.

Chicago, Ill., Dec. 10.—A maniac, who is known as Morris, walked up behind Charles O'Neill and deliberately cut his throat from ear to ear after which he slashed his own throat. After the bloody deed Morris, who is a Swede, crawled to his room, and O'Neill was taken to the hospital, where he is dying. The police found Morris in his room wrapped up in his bed clothing, unconscious from the loss of blood.

A FEUD REOPENED.

Johnson City, Tenn., Dec. 10.—The shooting of Henry Green, who was found in the road with a pistol bullet in his brain, is regarded as the signal for reopening the Green-Johnson feud. The feud between the two families twenty years ago has been killed, more by the penitentiary and others have left the country.

DOCTOR TAYLOR'S EXECUTION STATED.

Bristol, Tenn., Dec. 10.—"Doc" Taylor, the condemned murderer of five people, including Moonlight, in a Mulberry case, is sentenced to be hanged Dec. 16, but the Court of Appeals has deferred the hanging until after the June term of court, at which it will be retried. The evidence on which he was convicted was wholly circumstantial.

FAILED TO AGREE.

Clarksville, Tenn., Dec. 10.—The jury in the avant wife-poisoning case have just returned from the jury room, and they have failed to agree. Three were for hanging and nine for acquittal. It is thought that a nolle prosequi will be entered, the case having already cost the State thousands of dollars.

PLEADED GUILTY.

New York, Dec. 10.—Alfred J. Price, book-keeper for a weekly paper, has pleaded guilty to larceny in the first degree. He was sentenced to the penitentiary for five years. The larceny was a sum of money, which the firm lost about \$25,000.

PATROLLING THE TRACK.

Tacoma, Wash., Dec. 10.—Owing to repeated attempts to wreck trains on its line, the Northern Pacific has sent out armed patrolmen on a series of large parties between Tacoma and the Columbia River.

NORTH DAKOTA LIQUOR TRADE.

The Prohibition Law Has Increased Its Enormously.

Fargo, N. D., Dec. 10.—A big row has been kicked up in this State over the question whether prohibition shall be reestablished. The prohibitionists have won the day, and the law has been increased.

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Pittsburg, Pa., Dec. 10.—About a year ago the Kerston Employment Agency of this city started Charles Stein with a gang of twenty-five Italians for Logan County, W. Va., to work for Thompson Bros., contractors, on the Norfolk & Western Railroad. Logan County lies along the Kentucky line, and is one of the wildest parts of West Virginia. The country is sparsely settled, and the law is unknown. Stein and his men got as far as Dinnetsburg on their way to work, where they stopped and located Thompson Bros. The town is on the line of the Norfolk & Western Railroad, and is one of the wildest parts of West Virginia. Stein was given something to eat, but when he and his party tried to go on they were stopped by a number of colored men. The negroes pulled revolvers and told the Italians that they were to stay and work or be shot. The foreigners had to stay. They worked there for several days on hard and not getting paid for their labor. The men guarded them while at work and even while they slept they were watched. After a week of their slavery Stein and his companions decided to make an attempt to escape. At midnight while the guards slept, they stole away down the valley. They were pursued by the colored men with bloodhounds and only gained their escape after killing the dogs and eluding the negroes by hiding in the mountains. After a seven-day tramp the gang reached the Kentucky line and got work in a mining camp among a lot of whites and blacks. Stein was the only member of the party who returned to Pittsburg. The others were scattered, he knows not where. Stein thinks that some of them were killed at Dinnetsburg. He worked his way back to Pittsburg by slow stages.

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THE BOODLE READY.

Republican National Leaders Plan a Gigantic Seal.

RICH MONOPOLISTS WILLING TO PAY FOR SENATORIAL SEATS.

FOR PHOTOGRAPHS.

A Good Use to Put the Guitar to When One Has Tired of It.

The banjo and guitar are about over. In many homes the banjos, guitars and mandolins are unused and neglected. They are too valuable to give away, and they are too obtrusive in the odd nooks and corners where they are stored.

What shall we do with them? An ingenious young woman has answered



Ornamental and Useful.

the question. She hung her guitar on the wall and transformed it into a photograph holder by twisting and turning the strings so as to form loops and receptacles for her favorite pictures.

Of course the inevitable bright blue bow is conspicuous, and ribbon of a terra-cotta shade on the handle of the guitar gives a contrast in color that is effective.

The young woman who uses gold paint will be sure to gild the musical photograph holder she will make upon reading this, but it looks prettier as it is.

Three-Cornered Knit Shawl.

First row: Commence at point with 5 chain, throw the wool twice over needle, and draw through the first stitch in chain made making one chain between each, repeat same stitch three times. Second row: Turn with 4 chain, throw wool twice over needle, passing needle through chain stitch at top of first row; before finishing stitch, throw wool again twice over needle, draw through together to complete stitch, making 1 chain between. Increase at each end. Third row: Turn with 4 chain, throw over-needle twice as first row, and draw through between every first row of second row, repeating second and third row alternately until center of shawl has twenty-five rows in all; stitches on last row when finished should be fifty-two.



BORDER.—Commence at point with 4 chain, treble and double crochet into same stitch, repeat 4 chain again and 1 treble in top of first row, repeat into every row all round shawl, increasing at corners. Second row: Throw wool over needle twice and draw through, making 1 chain; throw wool twice over needle into chain stitch just made, and put needle into center of chain loop in last row, repeat all round shawl, increasing at corners. Third row: Same as first. Fourth

Hits the nail on the head—one of Dr. Price's Pleasant Pellets. They do the right thing in the right way. They cleanse and regulate the liver, stomach and bowels—thoroughly and effectively. One tiny, sugar-coated Pellet's a gentle laxative; three to four act as a cathartic. They're the smallest, but the best. There's less to take, but there's more good in it, when it's taken. They're the original Little Liver Pills, and they've never been equaled. Sick Headache, Bilious Attacks, and all derangements of the liver, stomach and bowels, are prevented, relieved, and cured. They're the cheapest pill you can buy, because they're guaranteed to give satisfaction, or your money is returned. You pay only for value received. Can you ask more!



Guaranteed to cure Bilious Attacks, Sick Headache, Constipation, etc. in each bottle. Price 25c. For sale by druggists.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Price, Philadelphia, PA.

row 5 chain and 1 double crochet into each loop all round shawl. Fifth row: 1 treble and 1 chain all round shawl; three last rows worked exactly as first three rows of border.

FINISH.—Place of cardboard required seven inches deep, wind wool over card fourteen times, cut and knot, making three drops on each length of fringe.

STYLISH COATS FOR GIRLS.

Some Have Capes and Some Don't, According to the Wearer's Preference.

In this age the children have a fondness for things in fashion just the same as their mothers. A coat which combines warmth and comfort, as well as a certain jaunty style, is made of dark-brown tweed, with a deep English cape and turned-down collar. The cape is bound with a narrow rim of dark-green leather, and the large buttons down the front are also of the leather. The capes are so fastened in front that it represents revers, each one caught at the bottom with three small leather buttons.



Warm and Well Appearing.

Another stylish cape coat is of mixed cheviot, where shades of dark brown, dull green and red are blended. The cape is an adjustable affair with a hood attached, which is lined with dark red silk shot with green.

A rather more elaborate coat is of cadet blue whipcord, made double-breasted. The deep collar and cuffs are trimmed with black marten, and the front of the coat is decorated with large smoke-pearl buttons.

DRESSES FOR SCHOOL GIRLS.

All of Them Are Pretty and Made of Suitable Material.

No woman is too busy, even at this busy season, to consider the engrossing subject of clothes—especially her clothes. The debutante is interested in the topic also. But with the girl in her teens it is different. She has subjects of much more importance to think of than clothes and she cheerfully lays the burden of her attire on the shoulders of mother. These hints, therefore, are for the mother's benefit.



A pretty gown for a girl of 13 is made of silk warp Henrietta cloth of a magenta shade. The skirt is gathered and made with a rather full full. About the bottom are three narrow rows of black silk braid. There is a pointed bodice to the gown, decorated with square lapels, which have long jabot-like ends. These lapels are outlined with two rows of the black braid, and between is a soft arrangement of chiffon the tint of wild-rose petals. From the shoulder to the elbow the sleeve is a huge puff of the Henrietta. Then it is caught and banded with a piece of ribbon of stripes of magenta and black. Below this is another smaller puff, ending in the deep, straight cuff.



For a small girl of 8 or 9 a pretty little frock to wear is made of dark brown wool bengaline. The garment is made all in one, the full skirt being edged with a ruching of light brown ribbon shot with gold. On the waist a jacket effect is gained by the arrangement of the ribbon ruching. With this is worn a deep bertha of point d'Irlande lace. The sleeve is composed of the usual puff and straight cuff, separated by a lace frill. The dress in which bright tartan plaid is effectively shown is of navy blue wool rep. The skirt hangs loosely from a shirred belt, the fold at the bottom being edged with black feather stitching. The round baby waist is more intricate than the same implies. Its foundation is bright red and green tartan plaid. Over this at certain intervals fall long folds of the dark-blue rep attached at the waist and collar. The leg of mutton sleeve has the full puff made of alternate bands of rep and plaid. It is very odd and pretty.



A school dress for a small girl is fashioned of coarse ribbed brown serge. The dress is made all in one, the waist looking invisibly at the side. Narrow bands of Oriental trimmings brighten it.

ROUGHING IT IN LUXURY.

An English Sporting Costume to Be Worn in the Rain.

Here is an authentic picture of an English sportsman in the rain. The garment which he wears over his head and body is not a



Hunting in the Rain.

horse blanket. It is a species of mackintosh which is designed to protect his hunting clothes. The English sportsman does not like to get his hunting clothes wet, but rather prefers roughing it in luxury.

A Winter Outfit.

The stylish coat is of floured broadcloth in tea green covered with wave patterns in black. The yoke and sleeves are of Astrakhan finished by platings of tea green satin.



ribbon. The picturesque hat is of old rose felt bent up at front and sides and trimmed with black ostrich tips and a rosette of black satin.

A Winter Hat.

This charming hat, the work of a man milliner, is in prune velvet, with a soft in-



lined crown of chambray cloth. The pompon and narrow banding are of black ostrich feathers.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

The sudden calm which followed "our great victory" is again broken, and we are partly indebted to Mrs. Mary Lease for the change. Mrs. Lease has been notably successful in breaking calms ever since she rose in Alabaster's Opera-house, Washington, two years ago and disturbed the harmony of the Woman's Council by her famous attack on Senator Ingalls. The writer was present at the time and telegraphed the speech to the Post-Dispatch. She still retains a vivid remembrance of the orator's appearance, of which the picture here presented gives a good idea.

As Mrs. Lease has decided that she will represent Kansas in the Senate halls, it may not be out of place to recall the circumstances attending her first public appearance in the capital. The evening had been a long one, and even Frances Willard, who presided at the committee meeting, looked as if she would not be sorry when it ended. So did the Rev. Annie Shaw, who sat at the President's right and ruthlessly tapped her little bell every ten minutes, regardless of the speaker's eloquence. We had heard about the progress of education of Spain and about the temperance movement all over Europe. We had listened to a careful account of the good work of sisters gone before, and which might be done by the sisters present. A few persons in the audience were nodding suspiciously, and at least one reporter at the press table had dropped into a refreshing nap. Suddenly a voice was heard and the sleepers were aroused. So was every one in the building. The poet who "struck one chord in the organ" must have had much such a response, when it came. It was the Rev. Mrs. Lease. She was reminded of it. It is said of Mrs. Lease that no orator in the country can make himself heard as far as she can and this statement is promptly accepted by all who listen to her that night. The volume of sound, low pitched and powerful, fairly flooded the hall. Out of it the hearers' ears and astonished eyes. Then we all looked at the speaker. In appearance Mrs. Lease answered very well the definition of a lion—she has length and breadth and thickness. She is extremely tall and rather ungainly. Her features are sharp and her manner supremely self-possessed. She lost none of this self-possession on that evening when she found her words lost in a storm of angry hisses from her hearers, who were displeased by this statement:

"I do not deny that Senator Ingalls is a smart man. In fact it takes a very smart man to be the consummate scoundrel that Senator Ingalls is. The lady from Kansas had forgotten that the Senator from her state had many friends in Washington. She was reminded of it. Hadam broke loose, a number of persons left the hall, and those who remained blushed until the house was intolerable. In the midst of the uproar Mrs. Lease held her place in the center of the stage, absolutely unmoved, waiting for silence. Miss Willard sprang to her feet. 'I did not suppose there was any one in this audience rude enough to hiss a woman,' she said, sternly. 'This conduct

is decidedly out of place in this assembly, were we not a quiet. Personalities should not be made by the speakers.' The audience subsided and Mrs. Lease glanced at the President half-quizzically. 'I shall try to avoid what are here termed personalities,' she resumed the powerful voice, 'but which I consider a part of the history of the country.' Then she continued herself to the subject of the Farmers' Alliance in Kansas, and the excitement ended.

The incident gave Senator Ingalls an opportunity to say clever thing, and he availed himself of it the next day, when Mrs. Lease had the courage to call on him for a little chat. 'He said me word,' Mrs. Lease confided to her audience the following night, 'that women and Indians are the only persons who insist on scalping a man after he is dead.'

It is remarked by a writer in *Invention* that women inventors by no means confine themselves to those departments where they might be supposed to possess special experience. Patents have been granted to women for a plan for denoting noise on railways, for preventing sparks from locomotives and for a new form of life raft. The greater number of their inventions, however, are connected with dress and domestic appliances. During last year nearly 400 patents were applied for by women. Some of these have reference to textile manufactures, electrical and railway appliances and stationery.

Applicants for the sick have received considerable attention from woman inventors. The new Unitarian minister at West Somerville, Mass., is the Rev. Mary T. Whitney, a woman with a fine mind and a beautiful face, if one may judge from her photograph. Mrs. Whitney is the wife of a minister and has been of great assistance to her husband in his work. It is only since 1887, however, that she herself has been a divine in good and regular standing.

The infant daughter of the Emperor and Empress was a craved with surpassing magnificence on the occasion of her christening. She wore a mantle of the richest pure velvet, profusely trimmed with ermine, under which was a charming robe of white satin and lace, embroidered with gold crowns. During the service the Princess was placed upon a silver cushion and a deep silver fringe. The vessels were superbly chased basin and jug of solid gold, which were manufactured on the occasion of the christening of the Emperor Frederick. The ceremony took place in the splendid saloon, with walls of marble and jasper and numerous mirrors inclosed in gold frames. The temporary altar was covered with gold, and the various ornaments were all of pure gold. A picture by Raphael, which usually hangs in the gallery at San Saverio, had been brought to hang over the altar. The Empress was dressed in white satin, with huge sleeves, and a lace cap, but no jewels whatever.

The burning question, "Should women ride astride?" has been settled in Somerset and Devon Counties, England. Half a dozen prominent women have adopted the method shown in this cut. They find such riding habits neat and extremely convenient for the hunting parties which lead an interest in that part of England. One of the emancipated ones writes the following to an English newspaper:

"The phenomenon no longer appears a phenomenon among us, so common has it become; but perhaps the real reason why we have so readily sunk our sense of the conventional in sense of the convenient is that our hunt is essentially a business-like and woman-like one. We come to it not for the most, but for the day; we have a rough country to travel, and we dress as best pleases us and as we think fit. It is not us best to enjoy the pleasures of our hunt with due regard to the susceptibilities of our neighbors. Thus, if it pleases her ladyship she will come in skirt and tennis blouse and straw hat, and she will consider herself thus attired neither more nor less remarkable than her sister huntress who comes in the most generally accepted form of riding habit and skirt, than the still 'bolder' who appears with netting garments, or than the lady, most courageous of all, who rides in long riding coat, breeches, and top boots. And, for one, think that they are each and all entirely right.

According to letters recently received in this city Mrs. Patti has been having an exceedingly good time in Edinburgh, receiving the homage of the public. The Princess Louise also honored her with a visit. Patti will not be heard again in America until November, 1893.

The Last Morning on the Ark.

From Life.

"You look blue this morning," said Mrs. Noah to the old gentleman. "Are you worried about anything?"

"I am, my dear," returned Noah. "When I think of our big family to support, I don't see how we can make a living when we get out of this ark."

"I wouldn't worry about that," said Shem. "There will be plenty to do."

"Certainly," said Ham. "I'll take the animals and start a circus."

"And I," said Japheth, "can become an undertaker. There'll be money in that when the flood goes down."

"True," put in Shem. "And I shall become a coroner. Why, dad, the coroner's fees alone would be sufficient to enable the family to live in the city and wear diamonds."

"By Jove, boys," said Noah, "you are all right. Head her for land and let's get to work."

A FALL WITH A HAPPY TERMINATION.

From the Filigee Blade.



RHEUMATISM.

Is the name for a variety of inflammatory affections of the joints. It may be acute or chronic. Acute, or Inflammatory Rheumatism is likely to recur at intervals. Chronic Rheumatism may begin as a slow chronic disease, or may be acute at the start and become chronic after acute attacks.

Rheumatism is among the most common of diseases. Very dangerous to life under certain circumstances, no disease is ordinarily more destructive of comfort and happiness, more wearing and debilitating; none more thoroughly incapacitates for labor. It is a "SECTION OF THE DAY OF JUDGMENT."

In those who have the rheumatic tendency the blood contains an excess of uric acid, and it is this which produces irritation in the affected joints. A general cause is found in some previous or contemporaneous disease or an inherited tendency. The various causes produce, first, a congestion of the liver, then a disordered blood and finally the rheumatic diathesis, or that condition of the blood which is the immediate source of rheumatism.

But, happily, by modern science all these conditions can be changed. The disturbing cause can be expelled from the system, and in every instance suffering may be promptly allayed.

The disease never gets into chronic or gouty condition if promptly and properly treated. Experience has demonstrated that mere outward applications are worthless. The disease has its seat in the blood, and any successful remedy must deal with the acid which poisons and inflames it.

ATHLOPHOROS is a strictly scientific preparation for doing just this thing. By direct, simple and scientific action it operates on the blood, muscles and joints by taking the poison out of the blood and out of the system; it invigorates the action of the muscles and limbers the stiffness of the joints. It reaches the Liver and Kidneys, cleansing them from irritating substances, and if followed up after the rheumatic conditions cease it will restore the organs to regularity and health and stop manufacture of the poisonous acid. This remedy, which has had such unparalleled success for many years, is not an accident. All forms of rheumatism have yielded to its influence, oftentimes the relief coming so promptly as to appear almost miraculous. It has cured the most obstinate cases, leaving the patient free from all suffering and discomfort. Testimony from those who have been years sufferers would be incredible were it not absolutely vouched for. Some of this evidence, together with invaluable information concerning rheumatism and neuralgia, will be sent to any address on receipt of five cents in postage stamps. Write to **THE ATHLOPHOROS COMPANY**, New Haven, Conn.

ATHLOPHOROS is sold by all druggists at \$1 per bottle.

WEAR OUR BELTS AND DEFY LAME BACK.

TAKE MEDICINE AND DIE!

Wear Prof. Wilson's Garments and Live.

If you suffer from any form of disease, blame your doctors or yourselves. Free for Catarrh at all hours. THE BLIND ARE MADE TO SEE! THE DEAF TO HEAR! References to all classes of people.

Prof. Wilson's Lectures should be attended by every person. It costs you nothing. IMPORTANT NOTICE! The following names are taken promiscuously from our books, not knowing or caring what people say, being assured that our goods do all we promise when used as directed:

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Wm. J. Johnson, 218 N. Fourth st.
O. W. West, Shreveport Park.
E. Cady, 610 Locust st.
R. J. Colas, 215 Commercial st.
Rev. D. J. McDonald, 1207 N. 8th st.
J. J. Fieldman, 1218 N. Jefferson av.
Schreibler, Pack & Co., Chamber of Commerce, St. Louis.
T. C. Stearn, 616 Chestnut st.
Louis Robbins, St. L. & A. Tr. R. St. Louis.
H. Warren (police officer), 906 N. 11th st.
J. L. Mandell, 711 Main st.
Burt Lyons, 206 Olive st.
Rev. J. C. Keown, 1388 Wash st.
Mrs. John Gata, 1812 Main st.
G. C. Keown, 2713 Chestnut st.
M. A. Reu, 1114 Franklin av.
W. A. Schmidt, 63 Olive st.
W. E. Wagner, Court-house, city.
J. E. Mulford, 206 N. 3d st.
Mrs. J. B. Mosher, Gamberton Station, city.
Mrs. E. M. Beers, Beers' Hotel.

References Taken from Tens of Thousands.
Rev. Louis M. Fink, O. S. B., Kansas City.
Bishop J. J. Reformed Episcopal Church, city.
Benjamin F. Holmes, Comptroller, Kansas City, Mo.
C. M. Dyer, President of Bank of Fort Scott, Fort Scott, Kan.
Scott Harrison, Post-office, Kansas City.
Lois V. Stephens, State Treasurer, Jefferson City, Mo.
Rev. M. O. Dwyer, Kansas City.
Sisters of St. Joseph, 934 Tracy, Kansas City, Mo.
Charles Baird, Manager Midland Hotel, city.
Charles Moore, Moore, Kneary & Co., city.
Col. E. J. Irwin, Irwin & Eaton Crocker, city.
Col. J. H. Randall, M. D., 531 Orville st., Kansas City, Mo.
J. J. Helm, Helm Brewing Co., city.
Rev. J. Maurer, Church of Sacred Heart, Salina, Kan.
L. V. Downs, Gage, Downs Co., Chicago, Ill.
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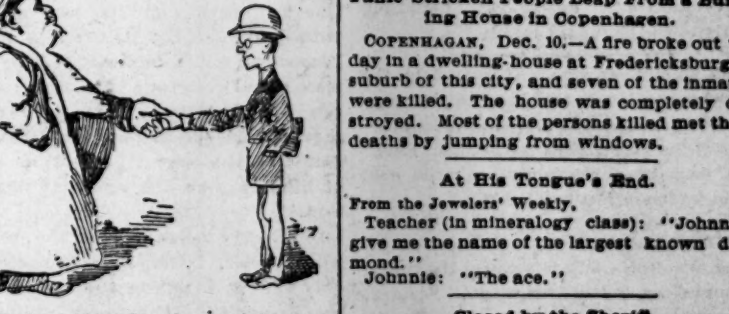
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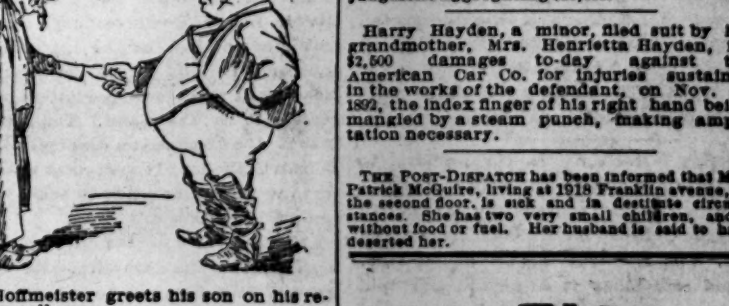
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USE OUR GARMENTS AND DEFY DISEASE.

Time Brings Changes.



From the Filigee Blade.



From the Filigee Blade.



His dogs are kind of mean.

Every Drummer and Visitor Should Take in These Lectures.

WANTS TO SAVE HIM

Mrs. Pfeiffer Prosecutes Chas. Repetto
for Selling Her Husband Liquor

SHE HAD NOTIFIED REFETTO THAT HE WAS A HABITUAL DRUNKARD.

She Found Him in the Saloon One Night and Warned the Barkeeper—For Eight Hours She Waited in the Rain to Take Him Home—Pathetic Story of a Wife's

Devotion. The first case on record where a saloonkeeper has been prosecuted for selling liquor to an habitual drunkard was begun to-day by Attorney Robt. M. Goode in behalf of Mrs. Fred Pfeiffer of 1614 Pine street. Mr. Goode swore out a warrant this morning charging Tony Repetto, a bartender for Charles Repetto, the saloonkeeper at Fifteenth and Chestnut streets, with selling liquor to Fred Pfeiffer after he had been notified not to by Mrs. Repetto.

Mr. and Mrs. Pfeiffer have been married but a few months, and are living at 1614 Pine street. Their union would be happy one, but for the single failing of Mr. Pfeiffer, who, like most great many men, has at times an uncontrollable desire for liquor. He is a model husband, except for that one fault, and has shown his wife in various ways that he has tried to fight the thirst and sometimes succeeded.

SEE SEVERE NOTICE.

She aided him in the battle and as it was a

cause by notifying the saloon keepers in her neighborhood not to sell her husband any more beer. She said that any saloon keepers who refused to do this would be considered drunkards and she would not give them money when drunk, that he should not give to his wife. Last Monday night her husband did not return home at the hour he was accustomed to arrive, and Mrs. Pfeiffer suspected that he had fallen from grace. She visited a number of saloons in the neighborhood, and, indeed, she was successful in getting him to come home. She said that she was sitting at the table with her two children when she heard the door and bell rattled. She opened the door and her husband walked in.

Pfeiffer saw her but said nothing nor did he get out of his chair. He had taken several drinks and was utterly regardless of what befell him or his. Mrs. Pfeiffer asked him to leave the place with her and took his arm, but he refused to budge. He then ordered the drinks for the crowd and when the bartender served them she warned him not to sell a drop of liquor to her husband, as he was already under the influence of drink and was a habitual drunkard. For this purpose no money was paid. He took Pfeiffer's money and sold him another drink while Mrs. Pfeiffer stood by.

Finding her entreaties unavailing, she went outside and, though it was drizzling and the weather was cold, she stood in the downpour and waited for her husband to come over an hour. It was 6 o'clock when she found him, and every hour after that until 7 o'clock in the morning she entered the saloon and begged the bartender not to sell her husband another drop. Repetto continued to sell, and only after 10 o'clock did the bartender relent and had spent about \$3, all he had. Mr. Pfeiffer, drenched to the skin and shivering with the cold, met her husband as he came

Sec. 27 of that act states that when a wife, mother, sister, father, guardian or relative notifies a dealer in liquor that a relative is a habitual drunkard, the dealer is prohibited from selling liquor to that person that liquor dealer is liable to the relative who notifies him from \$50 to \$500 damages.

Mrs. Pfeiffer stood by when Repetto sold whisky for her husband four times, and each time she was paid \$100. She was told to tell him criminally first and then sue him for \$3,000 damages in the civil courts. It is the first prosecution under that law, which forbids the sale of liquor to anyone. The law went into effect, forbidding saloon-keepers to maintain billiard-rooms, concerts, card-rooms or entertainment halls in con-

Tony Repetto acts as bartender for Charles Repetto, his brother, and the suit lies against the proprietor, not against his servant. Repetto is a wealthy man, and his bartender conducted his saloon in a manner which no one could complain of.

MONTANA'S BEAUTY.

Trouble Over the Proposed Silver Statue
Makes Commissioners Weary.

CHICAGO, Dec. 10.—To say that the Montana
Fair's Fair Commissioners are weary is ex-

expressing it mildly. Col. J. O. Harvey, referring to-day to the endless claims and counterclaims concerning the model for the silver statue which is to primarily represent "Justice" and incidentally show the highest type of feminine physical perfection, intimated that he would not be surprised if some of the lines were too fat, and somebody else's chest too flat for any use, but being a gallant man he refrained from such unchivalric remarks. This he did in a homely way, and it is probable that the claims of some twenty-five women—some of them were actresses. We decided

graciously on Ada Kahan. She was the first and only person offered the position and she has accepted."

Attempted Burglary.

Three men tried to burglarize William Perkins's store, 4800 Chouteau avenue, early this morning by cutting the panels out of the front door. Officers Powers and Coie surprised them while at work and captured one, who gave his name as William Brennan.

Gen. Rosecrans Getting Well.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 10.—Gen. Rosecrans is said this afternoon to be better. His condition, both mentally and physically, is improved, and now there is a faint hope that he may rally sufficiently in strength to enable him to travel to a more congenial climate, where he may recuperate.

Attempted Suicide.

At 10:30 o'clock to-day Frank Jellick, aged 4, a Bohemian, attempted suicide at his home, 1418 Ficker street. He inflicted a gash on his wrist and then hung himself. He was

Charred With Passions a Bogus Check.
Patrick McGrath, 36 years old, was arrested at 11 a. m. to-day, by Officer Keshaw, and identified by Harris Esber of 703 Morgan street as the man who, on Dec. 6, passed a bogus check for \$35.00 on him which had John O'Meara's name signed to it.

At 11:30 o'clock to-day a team attached to a stake-wagon owned by the Lambert Pharmaceutical Co., at Twenty-first and Lucas place, took flight at Eighth and Clark avenue at an engine and ran away. After running a block the team collided with a wagon belonging to the American Express Co., and Hobbs was killed and the engine slightly injured internally. The wagon of the Lambert company was damaged.

Marlbury's store at Petersburg, Montgomery Co.,

1904

IMP'VD CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

\$4,500
Is the price on house 2817 Dickson st., but we w
to sell; make us an offer.
7 TERRY, SCOTT & CO., 621 Chestnut st.

FOUR ROOM
House; neat, well built; will sell cheap on smal
payments; los 25x180; convenient to Locust st. and
Washington av. car.
1202 AUBERT AV.
7 M'CORMICK-KILGEN-RULE, 813 Chestnut st.

\$5,000 W/1 B/1V

House and lot No. 1752 Mississippi av., brand new 2-story pressed brick front house of 9 rooms, in excellent condition, with 2 water closets, 10 25x100 ft. lots. This property is offered at a bargain. For sale for \$500. KRELEY & CO., 1113 Chestnut st.

PRICE REDUCED TO \$3,400.

THIS HOUSE WILL SURELY SUIT YOU.

3113 S. 7th st., bet. Arsenal and Wyoming sts., a 2-story substantially built brick residence of 10 rooms, with a full cellar, conveniently arranged for one or two families, with 26x115 lots. This property is offered at a bargain and will rent well. Will take good vacant lots in the south part of the city as a part of the property. CHAS. P. VOGEL, 716 Chestnut st.

BUSINESS PROPERTY THAT WILL

YIELD 12 PER CENT NET ON INVESTMENT.

Offer for sale one of the best business corners in the south-western part of the city. The property is new, well built and is leased for 29 years at \$1,200 per month. The property has a frontage of 170 ft. on 11th st. and 150 ft. on 12th st. The property is worth \$11,500, and only \$5,500 cash required to purchase the property. Full particulars and terms of sale. The property can be had by calling on or addressing

7 CHAS. F. OWEL,
718 Chestnut.

5 % INTEREST paid on savings deposits and time certificates of deposit.

6 % INVESTMENTS. First-mortgage real estate securities for sale.

Central Trust Company

Central Trust Company,
Oriskany Building, Sixth and Locust sts.
Office hours, 9 to 4; Saturdays, 9 to 1.

CITY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

CHOICE CORNER.
For Sale—247x170 ft. on n. w. corner of Shaw av.

and Hogeman st., one block west of King's highway, highest and most desirable vacant ground in this neighborhood, will be sold way below value. Call on owner at 4854 Cote Brilliant av. 8

TO INVESTORS!

A piece of property connecting with the Mer-

8 **1,000 pieces choice property**
for sale or exchange. Send for
our new price-list.

T. P. BELL & BRO.,
104 N. 10th st.
Phone 3998.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

FOR RENT—Stable with stalls and box-stall

FOR RENT—New store on the cor. of Iowa av. and Miami st., n. e. California av. electric line; fine location for grocery or saloon with flat of 4 rooms and hall above; city water, bath, etc.; yard.

stable, etc.; rent right to rood tenant. Also stores 112 N. 2d and 117 N., Main st.; cheap rent, central location. R. C. GREER REAL ESTATE CO.
17 502 Chestnut st.

SMALL installations taken on fine men's and boys' clothing, ready made and to measure; ladies' jackets, ladies' dress goods and dresses made to order; watches and jewelry; by asking one third down you get the benefit of wearing the goods at once while paying the balance in small weekly or monthly installments.

ROEHLER'S INSTALLMENT HOUSE,
622 Olive st.
SECURITY BUILDING.
Finest Office Building in the West.
ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF.
Now finished and complete in every detail and open
for inspection.

TRY BUILD

TRY BUILD

I N G  **I N G**

For further information apply
17 **W. C. MCCREERY,**
Room 506.

A BEAUTIFUL NEW STORE

A BEAUTIFUL NEW STORE
With show cases, cemented cellar, water closets, basins, etc., in a first-class location, No. 4428 Easton av.; we are anxious to rent this store and will take a very low price for it now; will rent for any business but a saloon.
M. A. WOLFF & CO.,
106 N. 5th st.

FOR RENT---STORES

1115 Locust st., store room, in good repair, \$25.
6th and Lucas av., southeast corner, large handsome store-room; suitable for most any business.
Easton and Hamilton av., two handsome stores; corner, \$30; inside room, \$20.
303 N. 4th st., 3 upper floors; will be put in first-class repair.
1005 S. Vandeventer av., large store, good location; \$25.
Hammatt-Anderson-Wade, 912 N. 8th St.

FOR RENT--OFFICES.
Mermod-Jaccard Building.
Rialto Building.
Columbia Building.
HAMMETT-ANDERSON-WADE,
213 N. 8th st.

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

For Sale.

FOR SALE—Five teams and wagons and good business horse; will sell for cash or city property. Inquire 514 Brooklyn st. 12

WAGONS, all kinds, at McCabe, Young & Co.'s, 1223

FOR SALE—Or exchange, 250 new and 2d-hand open and top wagons. Vehicles and harness of all kinds. 1112 N. Broadway. 12

DELIVERY WAGONS, all kinds, at McCabe, Young & Co.'s, 1223 N. Broadway. 12

FOR SALE—Cheap, or exchange, buggies, surreys, grocer, baker, butcher, laundry, milk, peddler and furniture wagons; repairing a specialty. J. Tobinks, 1400 N. 7th-st. 12

GROCER WAGONS at McCabe, Young & Co.'s, 1233 N. Broadway. 12

MONEY to loan on horses and wagons, furniture and pianos. 619 Pine st. 12

DARK WAGONS at McCabe, Young & Co.'s, 1233 N. Broadway. 12

STORM BUGGIES at McCabe, Young & Co.'s, 1233 N. Broadway. 12

STORAGE

STORAGE—Regular storage house for furniture, pianos, vehicles, trunks, boxes, etc.; safe, reliable, clean rooms; get our rates; careful moving, packing, shipping, etc.; estimates free; money loaned. **Send** consign goods to our care. Telephone 1122. **R. U. Lapanori, Jr., & Co., 1218-1221 Olive.**

Fidelity Storage, Packing & Moving Co.

1723 and 1725 Morgan St.
Research office—1003 Pine St. Telephone Nos. 2390
and 4141.

*Except Sundays. †Daily. ‡Except Saturday. §Except Monday. ¶Monday.

BURLINGTON ROUTE, LOUISVILLE, EVANSVILLE & ST. LOUIS "AIR LINE."

	Depart	Arrive
St. Paul, Minn., St. Louis, Mo. and Chicago Express.....	8:35 am	5:35 pm
St. Paul, Minn., St. Louis, Mo. and Chicago Express.....	8:30 pm	6:50 am

St. Louis Night Express.....	8:45 pm	† 6:30 am
St. Louis & Minneapolis Spl.....	8:45 pm	† 6:30 am

CHICAGO & ALTON RAILROAD.		
St. Louis Limited.....	8:15 am	* 7:30 pm
St. Louis "Palace Express".....	8:55 pm	† 7:20 am
St. Louis Day Local Express.....	8:30 am	† 7:50 pm
St. Louis Night Local Express.....	4:55 pm	† 10:40 am

MOBILE & OHIO RAILROAD.		
New Orleans Express.....	† 8:35 pm	† 7:05 am
Mobile & Florida Express.....	† 8:35 pm	† 7:05 am
Calso, Cape Girardeau, Jackson & Mobile Express.....	† 7:40 am	† 7:05 pm
Spain's Coast, Mobile, Cape Girardeau Accommodation.....	* 4:00 pm	* 12:10 pm

ST. LOUIS & SAN FRANCISCO RAILWAY.	
St. Louis and Texas Ex.	7:50 am * 6:50 pm
Chesler, Grand Tower	
Mape Girardeau Express.	7:50 am * 11:55 am
Chesler and Cairo Ex.	7:50 am * 6:50 pm
St. Louis and Memphis Ex.	7:25 am * 11:55 am
St. Louis and Cairo Fast Lin.	7:30 pm * 7:30 am
St. Louis and New Orleans Lim.	
St. Louis and Texas and Florida	
Line.....	7:30 pm * 11:55 am
Valley Park Accommodation.	7:00 am * 6:15 am
Valley Park Accommodation.	8:00 am * 6:15 am
Texas & Col. Mail.	8:25 am * 6:30 am
Valley Park Accommodation.	9:00 am * 10:15 am
Valley Park.	1:00 pm * 1:25 pm
Valley Park Accommodation.	4:00 am * 4:00 pm
Pacific Accommodation.	6:25 pm * 8:35 am

Express.....	* 7:30 a.m.	† 7:50 a.m.	ST. LOUIS, KANSAS CITY & CINCINNATI R. R.
Express.....	* 8:10 a.m.	† 8:20 a.m.	St. Louis Accommodation.....
Express.....	* 8:40 a.m.	† 8:50 a.m.	Creve Coeur Accommodation.....
Express.....	* 9:10 a.m.	† 9:20 a.m.	Creve Coeur Accommodation.....
Express.....	* 9:40 a.m.	† 9:50 a.m.	Union Express.....
Express.....	* 10:10 a.m.	† 10:20 a.m.	
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Express.....	* 12:40 a.m.	† 12:50 a.m.	
Express.....	* 1:10 a.m.	† 1:20 a.m.	
Express.....	* 1:40 a.m.	† 1:50 a.m.	

Fast Mail.....	7:30 a.m.	7:30 p.m.	N. Y., Balt. & Wash. Express.....	9:00 p.m.	7:00 a.m.
Day Accommodation.....	10:45 a.m.	1:50 p.m.	Chicago Fast Line.....	8:10 a.m.	
Night Accommodation.....	5:00 p.m.	9:10 a.m.	Chicago Local.....	8:40 a.m.	7:00 p.m.
Fast Line.....	7:35 p.m.	7:25 a.m.	Chicago Diamond Special.....	9:10 p.m.	7:20 p.m.
			Cincinnati Day Express.....	8:10 a.m.	7:15 p.m.
			Cincinnati Night Express.....	8:00 p.m.	7:00 a.m.
			Birmingham Accommodation.....	6:30 p.m.	8:15 a.m.

Missouri Pacific Locals.		Toledo, Detroit & New York	↑ 7:55 am	↑ 8:00 pm
Washington Accommodation.		Fast Express		
Leaves 4:45 pm, arrives 8:00 am.		Decatur Accommodation	4:50 pm	10:35 am
Kirkwood Accommodation 10:00, 9:50, 11:40 am, *1:25, *3:15, *4:30, *2:20, *6:30, *8:45, *10:30 pm, *11:30 pm.		Toledo, Detroit, New York & Boston Vestibule Limited ..	9:55 pm	7:35 am
Sundays only, leave 1:00 pm, 9:45 pm.		Chicago Veard	9:55 pm	7:35 am
<div style="text-align: center;"> LINES WEST OF THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER </div>				
		Kansas City Mail and Express ..	8:30 am	6:20 pm
		Kansas City, Ottumwa & St. Paul ..	9:00 am	6:15 pm

12:00, 11:00, 30, 11:55 am, 12:00, 12:35, 12:05	Ferguson Acc. (Sunday only).....	1:00 pm	10:20 am
	Ferguson Acc. (Sunday only).....	4:00 pm	3:00 pm
FROM FRANKLIN AVENUE STATION.			
	Bridgeton Accommodation.....	6:50 am	8:45 am
12:00, 11:00, 30, 11:55 am, 12:00, 12:35, 12:05	Ferguson Accommodation.....	8:50 am	6:40 am
	Ferguson Accommodation.....	10:45 am	10:30 am
	Ferguson Accommodation.....	11:35 pm	1:30 pm
	Bridgeton Accommodation.....	4:15 pm	6:10 pm
	El. Charles Accommodation.....	4:15 pm	6:10 pm

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

SALE—Three-room furnished flat, cheap.
Walnut st. 8

LE—Two choice scarlet red pug puppies;
ch. 2731 Mills st. 6

LE—Diamond solitaire ring; cost \$50; will
sell for \$10. 10

THE PHOTOGRAPHER, THE DOG,
AND THE LUMP OF SUGAR.


PHOTOGRAPH

Best grades hard and soft; lowest prices.
When Coal Co., 1015 N. 10th st. Telephone

St. Louis, Mo.

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

LE—Grocery store during first-class busi-
Add. P. Ward, Madison, Madison Co., Ill. 4



Wholesale's English Diamond Brand.
ANNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine
SAFE, always reliable. LOOKS, ask
Druggist for Wholesale's English Dia-
mond Brand in Red and Gold metallic

RUPTURE
Cured or no Pay.
No detention from business.

We will send you the marvelous French Preparation CALTHOS free, and a local guarantee that CALTHOS will cure you.

ANSY PILLS!
(Wilson's Compound.)
SAFE, CERTAIN & EFFECTUAL.
Used monthly by 15,000 American women who find them indispensable. Druggists, or by mail.
Send 40 cents for 100 women's Satisfaction.

are prescribed by regulation. Inquiries as to
are sent in seven days, whether in hand
\$1.00 per box. All foreign.

POWDER
ELY PURE